Package 'RcppQuantuccia'

November 24, 2025

Type Package

Title R Bindings to the Calendaring Functionality of 'QuantLib'

Version 0.1.3

Date 2025-11-24

Description 'QuantLib' bindings are provided for R using 'Rcpp' via an updated variant of the header-only 'Quantuccia' project (put together initially by Peter Caspers) offering an essential subset of 'QuantLib' (and now maintained separately for the calendaring subset). See the included file 'AUTHORS' for a full list of contributors to both 'QuantLib' and 'Quantuccia'. Note that this package provided an initial viability proof, current work is done (via approximately quarterly releases tracking 'QuantLib') in the smaller package 'qlcal' which is generally preferred.

```
URL https://github.com/eddelbuettel/rcppquantuccia,
   https://dirk.eddelbuettel.com/code/rcpp.quantuccia.html
```

BugReports https://github.com/eddelbuettel/rcppquantuccia/issues

License GPL (>= 2)

Imports Rcpp

LinkingTo Rcpp, BH

RoxygenNote 6.0.1

NeedsCompilation yes

Encoding UTF-8

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Contents

	RcppQuantuccia-package	2
	adjust_cpp	4
	advanceDate	4
	advanceUnits_cpp	
	businessDaysBetween	
	calendars	
	getEndOfMonth	
	getHolidays	
	getName	
	isBusinessDay	
	isEndOfMonth	
	isHoliday	
	isWeekend	
	setCalendar	
Index		13
Rcpp	Quantuccia-package	
	R Bindings to the Calendaring Functionality of 'QuantLib'	

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The DESCRIPTION file:

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Authors@R: c(person("Dirk", "Eddelbuettel", role = c("aut", "cre"), email = "edd@debian.org", comment = c(ORCII Description: 'QuantLib' bindings are provided for R using 'Rcpp' via an updated variant of the header-only 'Quantuutur' https://github.com/eddelbuettel/rcppquantuccia, https://dirk.eddelbuettel.com/code/rcpp.quantuccia.html

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Maintainer: Dirk Eddelbuettel <edd@debian.org>

Package Content

Index of help topics:

RcppQuantuccia-package

R Bindings to the Calendaring Functionality of

'QuantLib'

advanceDate Advance a date

advanceUnits_cpp Compute adjusted dates

businessDaysBetween Compute number of business dates between

calendar dates

calendars The 'calendars' vector contains all calendar

identifiers.

getEndOfMonth Compute end-of-month

getHolidays Compute holidays or business days

getName Get calendar name, or id isBusinessDay Test for business days isEndOfMonth Test for end-of-month isHoliday Test for holidays isWeekend Test for weekends setCalendar Set a calendar

Maintainer

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References

https://www.quantlib.org/

4 advanceDate

adjust_cpp

Compute adjusted dates

Description

Adjust a vector of dates following a business-day convention

Usage

```
adjust_cpp(dates, bdc = 0L)
adjust(dates, bdc = c("Following", "ModifiedFollowing", "Preceding",
   "ModifiedPreceding", "Unadjusted", "HalfMonthModifiedFollowing", "Nearest"))
```

Arguments

dates A Date vector with dates

bdc A character variable describing one of several supported values, the C++ version

implements expects a corresponding integer value

Details

This function takes a vector of dates and returns another vector of dates of the same length returning at each position the adjusted date according to the selected business-day convention. Currently supported values for the business day convention are (starting from zero): 'Following', 'ModifiedFollowing', 'Preceding', 'ModifiedPreceding', 'Unadjusted', 'HalfModifiedFollowing' and 'Nearest'.

Value

A Date vector with dates adjust according to business-day convention

Examples

```
adjust(Sys.Date()+0:6)
```

advanceDate

Advance a date

Description

Advance a date to the next business day plus an optional shift

Usage

```
advanceDate(rd, days = 0L)
```

advanceUnits_cpp 5

Arguments

rd	A Date object describing the date to be advanced to the next business day.

days An optional integer offset applied to the date

Details

This function takes a given date and advances it to the next business day under the current (global) calendar setting. If an optional offset value is given it is applied as well.

Value

The advanced date is returned

Examples

```
advanceDate(Sys.Date(), 2) # today to the next biz day, plus 2 days
```

Description

Advance a vector of dates by a given number of time units

Usage

```
advanceUnits_cpp(dates, n, unit, bdc, emr)

advanceUnits(dates, n, unit = c("Days", "Weeks", "Months", "Years", "Hours",
    "Minutes", "Seconds", "Milliseconds", "Microseconds"), bdc = c("Following",
    "ModifiedFollowing", "Preceding", "ModifiedPreceding", "Unadjusted",
    "HalfMonthModifiedFollowing", "Nearest"), emr = FALSE)
```

Arguments

dates	A Date vector with dates
n	An integer variable with the number of units to advance
unit	A character variable describing one of several supported values; the C++ version implements expects a corresponding integer value
bdc	A character variable describing one of several supported values, the C++ version implements expects a corresponding integer value
emr	A boolean variable select end-of-month, default is 'FALSE'

Details

This function takes a vector of dates and returns another vector of dates of the same length returning at each position the date advanced by the given number of steps in the selected time unit, also respecting a business day convention and and of month boolean switch. Currently supported values for the time unit are 'Days', 'Weeks', 'Months' 'Years', 'Hours', 'Seconds', 'Milliseconds' and 'Microseconds'; all are specified as integers. Note that intra-daily units are not currently supported for advancing 'Date' objects. Currently supported values for the business day convention are (starting from zero): 'Following', 'ModifiedFollowing', 'Preceding', 'ModifiedPreceding', 'Unadjusted', 'HalfModifiedFollowing' and 'Nearest'.

Value

A Date vector with dates advanced according to the selected inputs

Examples

```
advanceUnits(Sys.Date()+0:6, 5, "Days", "Following")
```

businessDaysBetween

Compute number of business dates between calendar dates

Description

Compute the number of business days between dates

Usage

```
businessDaysBetween(from, to, includeFirst = TRUE, includeLast = FALSE)
```

Arguments

from A Date vector with interval start dates to A Date vector with interval end dates

includeFirst A boolean indicating if the start date is included, default is 'TRUE' A boolean indicating if the end date is included, default is 'FALSE'

Details

This function takes two vectors of start and end dates and returns another vector of the number of business days between each corresponding date pair according to the active calendar.

Value

A numeric vector with the number of business dates between the corresponding date pair

```
businessDaysBetween(Sys.Date() + 0:6, Sys.Date() + 3 + 0:6)
```

calendars 7

calendars

The calendars vector contains all calendar identifiers.

Description

The calendars vector contains all calendar identifiers.

Examples

head(calendars, 10)

getEndOfMonth

Compute end-of-month

Description

Compute a vector of dates with end-of-month

Usage

getEndOfMonth(dates)

Arguments

dates

A Date vector with dates

Details

This function takes a vector of dates and returns another vector of dates of the same length returning at each position whether the corresponding end-of-month date in the currently active (global) calendar.

Value

A Date vector with dates which are end-of-month

```
getEndOfMonth(Sys.Date()+0:6)
```

8 getName

getHolidays

Compute holidays or business days

Description

Compute the number of holidays (or business days) between two dates

Usage

```
getHolidays(from, to, includeWeekends = FALSE)
getBusinessDays(from, to)
```

Arguments

from A Date object with the start date to A Date object with the end date

includeWeekends

A boolean indicating if weekends should be included, default is 'FALSE'

Details

This function takes a start and end date and returns a vector of holidays (or business days) between them according to the active calendar.

Value

A Date vector with holidays or business days between the given dates

Examples

```
getHolidays(Sys.Date(), Sys.Date() + 30)
```

getName

Get calendar name, or id

Description

Get calendar name or id

Usage

```
getName()
```

getId()

isBusinessDay 9

Details

This function returns the corresponding (full) name (as in the underlying implementation class) or identification string (used to select it) of the current calendar.

Value

A string with the calendar name

Examples

getName()

isBusinessDay

Test for business days

Description

Test a vector of dates for business day

Usage

isBusinessDay(dates)

Arguments

dates

A Date vector with dates to be examined

Details

This function takes a vector of dates and returns a logical vector of the same length indicating at each position whether the corresponding date is a business day in the currently active (global) calendar.

Value

A logical vector indicating which dates are business days

```
isBusinessDay(Sys.Date()+0:6)
```

10 isHoliday

isEndOfMonth

Test for end-of-month

Description

Test a vector of dates for end-of-month

Usage

```
isEndOfMonth(dates)
```

Arguments

dates

A Date vector with dates to be examined

Details

This function takes a vector of dates and returns a logical vector of the same length indicating at each position whether the corresponding date is at the end of a month in the currently active (global) calendar.

Value

A logical vector indicating which dates are end-of-month

Examples

```
isEndOfMonth(Sys.Date()+0:6)
```

isHoliday

Test for holidays

Description

Test a vector of dates for holiday

Usage

```
isHoliday(dates)
```

Arguments

dates

A Date vector with dates to be examined

isWeekend 11

Details

This function takes a vector of dates and returns a logical vector of the same length indicating at each position whether the corresponding date is a holiday in the currently active (global) calendar.

Value

A logical vector indicating which dates are holidays

Examples

```
isHoliday(Sys.Date()+0:6)
```

isWeekend

Test for weekends

Description

Test a vector of dates for weekends

Usage

```
isWeekend(dates)
```

Arguments

dates

A Date vector with dates to be examined

Details

This function takes a vector of dates and returns a logical vector of the same length indicating at each position whether the corresponding date is a weekend in the currently active (global) calendar.

Value

A logical vector indicating which dates are weekends

```
isWeekend(Sys.Date()+0:6)
```

12 setCalendar

setCalendar

Set a calendar

Description

Set a calendar

Usage

```
setCalendar(calstr)
```

Arguments

calstr

A character variable containing the market for which a calendar is to be set

Details

This function sets a calendar to the given market or country convention. Note that at present only the default 'TARGET' and 'UnitedStates' are supported.

Value

Nothing is returned but the global state is changed

Examples

setCalendar("UnitedStates")

Index

```
* data
    calendars, 7
* package
    RcppQuantuccia-package, 2
adjust(adjust_cpp), 4
adjust_cpp, 4
advanceDate, 4
advanceUnits (advanceUnits_cpp), 5
advanceUnits_cpp, 5
\verb|businessDaysBetween, 6|
calendars, 7
getBusinessDays (getHolidays), 8
getEndOfMonth, 7
getHolidays, 8
getId(getName), 8
getName, 8
isBusinessDay, 9
isEndOfMonth, 10
isHoliday, 10
is \textit{W}eekend, \\ 11
RcppQuantuccia
        (RcppQuantuccia-package), 2
RcppQuantuccia-package, 2
setCalendar, 12
```